



Estrogen Receptor α (ABT4R) rabbit mAb

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| 货号 | YP-Ab-18056 |
| 同位型 | IgG |
| 应用 | WB; IHC; ELISA |
| 种属 | Human; |
| 靶点 | ESR1 |
| 基因名称 | Estrogen receptor (ER) (ER-alpha) (Estradiol receptor) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group A member 1) |
| 蛋白名称 | Estrogen receptor (ER) (ER-alpha) (Estradiol receptor) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group A member 1) |
| 免疫原 | Synthesized peptide derived from human Estrogen Receptor α . AA range:450-595 |
| 特异性 | This antibody detects endogenous levels of ESR1 |
| 组成 | PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA |
| 来源 | Monoclonal, Rabbit IgG1, Kappa |
| 稀释 | IHC 1:100-500, WB 1:500-1000, ELISA 1:5000-20000 |
| 纯化工艺 | Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified |
| 其他名称 | ESR1 ESR NR3A1 |
| 分子量 | 66kD |
| 背景 | estrogen receptor 1(ESR1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes an estrogen receptor, a ligand-activated transcription factor composed of several domains important for hormone binding, DNA binding, and activation of transcription. The protein localizes to the nucleus where it may form a homodimer or a heterodimer with estrogen receptor 2. Estrogen and its receptors are essential for sexual development and reproductive function, but also play a role in other tissues such as bone. Estrogen receptors are also involved in pathological processes including breast cancer, endometrial cancer, and osteoporosis. Alternative promoter usage and alternative splicing result in dozens of transcript variants, but the full-length nature of many of these variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2014], |
| 功能 | Nuclear hormone receptor. The steroid hormones and their receptors are involved in the regulation of eukaryotic gene expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues. Ligand-dependent nuclear transactivation involves either direct homodimer binding to a palindromic estrogen response element (ERE) sequence or association with other DNA-binding transcription factors, such as AP-1/c-Jun, c-Fos, ATF-2, Sp1 and Sp3, to mediate ERE-independent signaling. Ligand binding induces a conformational change allowing subsequent or combinatorial association with multiprotein coactivator complexes through LXXLL motifs of their respective components. Mutual transrepression occurs between the estrogen receptor (ER) and NF-kappa-B in a cell-type specific manner. Decreases NF-kappa-B DNA-binding activity and inhibits NF-kappa-B-mediated transcription from the IL6 promoter |

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| 细胞定位 | [Isoform 1]: Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . A minor fraction is associated with the inner membrane.; [Isoform 3]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Associated with the inner membrane via palmitoylation (Probable). At least a subset exists as a transmembrane protein with a N-terminal extracellular domain. ; Nucleus. Golgi apparatus. Cell membrane. Colocalizes with ZDHHC7 and ZDHHC21 in the Golgi apparatus where most probably palmitoylation occurs. Associated with the plasma membrane when palmitoylated. |
| 组织表达 | Widely expressed (PubMed:10970861). Not expressed in the pituitary gland (PubMed:10970861). ; [Isoform 3]: Widely expressed, however not expressed in the pituitary gland. |
| 浓度 | 1 mg/ml |
| 储存 | -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) |
| 有关注意事项 | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing! |
| 使用建议 | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel. |

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